

## Temperature Measurement

Transmitters for rail mounting

### SITRANS TR420, two-wire system, HART

#### Overview



- 2-wire temperature transmitter with HART communication interface
- Device for rail mounting
- Universal input for virtually any type of temperature sensor
- Connection of two independent input circuits for redundant operation (high input availability)
- Input drift detection
- Configurable over HART

#### Application

SITRANS TR420 transmitters with two inputs can be used in all sectors. Their compact design enables simple mounting on standard DIN rails on-site in protective boxes or in control cabinets. The following sensors/signal sources can be connected over their universal input module:

- 2 resistance thermometers (2-wire, 3-wire, 4-wire connection)
- 2 thermocouples
- 2 linear resistors, potentiometer and DC voltage sources

The output signal is a load-independent direct current from 4 to 20 mA in accordance with the input characteristic, superimposed by the digital HART signal.

The dual input mode also supports drift detection of the inputs, whereby maintenance intervals can be more easily planned.

Transmitters of the "intrinsically safe or Zone 2 increased safety" type of protection can be installed in hazardous areas. The device meets the requirements of the EU Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX), the FM and CSA regulations as well as other national approvals.

#### Benefits

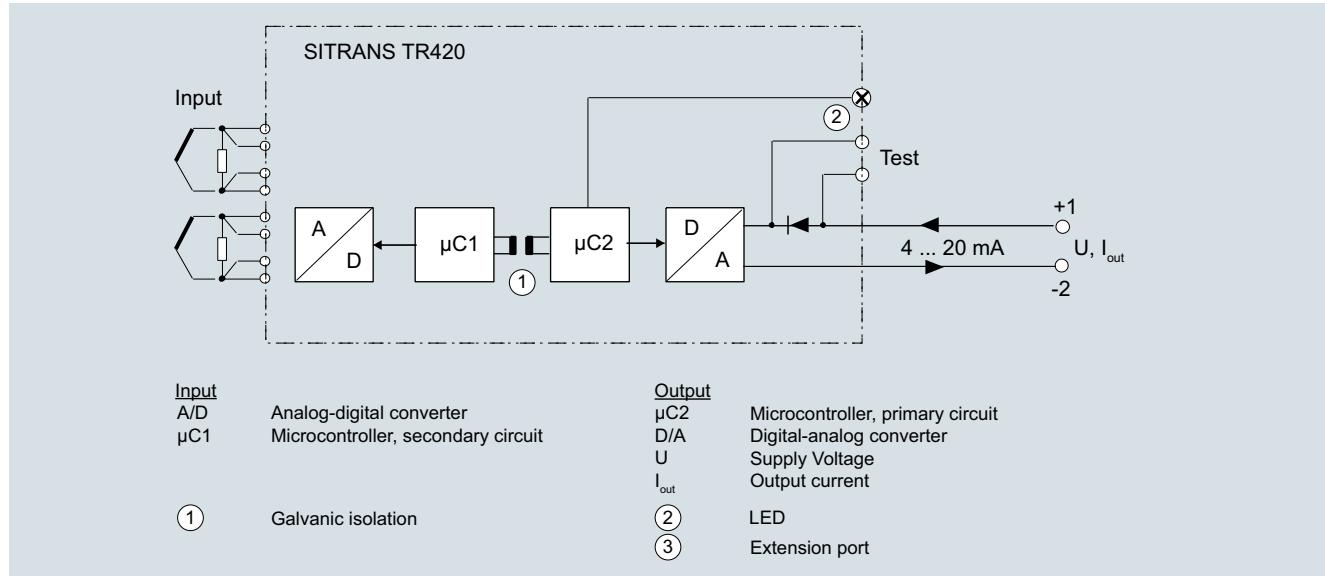
- Compact design
- Connection of two independent input circuits for redundant operation (high input availability)
- Electrical isolation
- Test terminals for ammeter
- Diagnostics LED (green/red)
- Input monitoring  
Wire break and short-circuit
- Self-monitoring
- Configuration status stored in EEPROM
- Expanded diagnostic functions, such as slave pointer, operating hours counter, etc.
- Special characteristic
- Electromagnetic compatibility according to DIN EN 61326 and NE21
- SIL2/3 (with order note C20)

## Function

The SITRANS TR420 is configured via HART. The configuration can be carried out using a handheld communicator or, more conveniently, with a HART modem and the SIMATIC PDM configuration software. The configuration data is then permanently stored in the non-volatile memory (EEPROM).

After correct connection of input and supply voltage, the transmitter outputs a temperature-linear output signal and the diagnostics LED is green. In case of external errors, e.g. sensor short circuit or interruption, the LED flashes red; an internal error is indicated by a permanent red light.

An ammeter can be connected at any time for checking and plausibility via the test terminals. The output current can be read without any interruption, or even without opening the current loop.



SITRANS TR420, function block diagram

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### Technical specifications

#### General

Supply voltage <sup>1) 2)</sup>	7.5 ... 48 V DC
• Without explosion protection (non-Ex)	7.5 ... 30 V DC
• with explosion protection (Ex i)	0.8 V
Additional minimum supply voltage when using test terminals	$\leq 850 \text{ mW}$
Maximum power loss	$(V_{\text{supply}} - 37 \text{ V})/23 \text{ mA}$
Minimum load resistance at supply voltage > 37 V	
Insulation voltage, test/operation	
• Without explosion protection (non-Ex)	2.5 kV AC/55 V AC
• with explosion protection (Ex i)	2.5 kV AC/42 V AC
Polarity protection	All inputs and outputs
Write protection	Open circuits or software
Warming-up time	< 5 min
Starting time	< 2.75 s
Programming	SIPROM T and HART
Signal-to-noise ratio	> 60 dB
Long-term stability	Better than: • $\pm 0.05\%$ of measuring span/year • $\pm 0.18\%$ of measuring span/5 years
Response time	$\leq 75 \text{ ms}$ (typically 70 ms)
Programmable damping	0 ... 60 s
Signal dynamic	
• Input	24 bit
• Output	18 bit
Influence of change in supply voltage	< 0.005% of measuring span/V DC

#### Input

##### Resistance thermometer (RTD)

Input type	
• Pt10 ... 10000	• IEC 60751 • JIS C 1604-8 • GOST 6651_2009 • Callendar-Van Dusen • DIN 43760-1987 • GOST 6651-2009 / OIML R84:2003 • Edison Copper Winding No. 15 • GOST 6651-2009 / OIML R84:2003
• Ni10 ... 10000	
• Cu5 ... 1000	
Type of connection	2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire
Line resistance per wire	Max. 50 $\Omega$
Input current	< 0.15 mA
Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	< 0.002 $\Omega/\Omega$
Cable, wire-wire capacity	
• Pt1000, Pt10000 (IEC 60751 and JIS C 1604-8)	Max. 30 nF
• All other input types	Max. 50 nF
Fault detection, programmable	None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective
Detection limit for short-circuited input	15 $\Omega$
Fault detection time (RTD)	$\leq 75 \text{ ms}$ (typically 70 ms)
Fault detection time (for 3-wire and 4-wire)	$\leq 2000 \text{ ms}$

#### Thermocouples (TC)

Input type	
• B	IEC 60584-1
• E	IEC 60584-1
• J	IEC 60584-1
• K	IEC 60584-1
• L	DIN 43710
• Lr	GOST 3044-84
• N	IEC 60584-1
• R	IEC 60584-1
• S	IEC 60584-1
• T	IEC 60584-1
• U	DIN 43710
• W3	ASTM E988-96
• W5	ASTM E988-96
• LR	GOST 3044-84
Cold junction compensation (CJC)	
• Temperature range internal CJC	Constant, internal or external over Pt100 or Ni100 RTD
• Connection external CJC	-50 ... +100 °C (-+58 ... +212 °F)
• External CJC, line resistance per wire (for 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire
• Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	50 $\Omega$
• Input current external CJC	< 0.002 $\Omega/\Omega$
• Temperature range external CJC	< 0.15 mA
• Cable, wire-wire capacity	-50 ... +135 °C (-58 ... +275 °F)
• Total line resistance	Max. 50 nF
• Fault detection, programmable	Max. 10 k $\Omega$
Note	None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective
Fault detection time (TC)	The short-circuited fault detection only applies to the CJC input.
Fault detection time, external CJC (for 3-wire and 4-wire)	$\leq 75 \text{ ms}$ (typically 70 ms)
Linear resistance	$\leq 2000 \text{ ms}$
Input range	0 ... 100 k $\Omega$
Minimum measuring span	25 $\Omega$
Type of connection	2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire
Line resistance per wire	Max. 50 $\Omega$
Input current	< 0.15 mA
Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	< 0.002 $\Omega/\Omega$
Cable, wire-wire capacity	
• R > 400 $\Omega$	Max. 30 nF
• R ≤ 400 $\Omega$	Max. 50 nF
Fault detection, programmable	None, defective
Potentiometers	
Input range	0 ... 100 k $\Omega$
Minimum measuring span	25 $\Omega$
Type of connection	3-wire, 4-wire or 5-wire
Line resistance per wire	Max. 50 $\Omega$
Input current	< 0.15 mA
Effect of the line resistance (with 4-wire and 5-wire connections)	< 0.002 $\Omega/\Omega$
Cable, wire-wire capacity	
• R > 400 $\Omega$	Max. 30 nF
• R ≤ 400 $\Omega$	Max. 50 nF

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Fault detection, programmable	None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective	<b>Design</b>	
	<b>Note</b> When the configured potentiometer size is below the constant detection limit for short-circuited inputs, the detection of short circuits is disabled regardless of the configuration of the fault detection.	Weight	122 g (0.27 lb)
Detection limit for short-circuited input	15 Ω	Maximum cable cross-section	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 13)
Fault detection time, wiper arm (no short-circuit detection)	≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)	Tightening torque for clamping screws	0.5 ... 0.6 Nm
Fault detection time, element	≤ 2000 ms	Vibrations	IEC 60068-2-6 • 2 ... 25 Hz • 25 ... 100 Hz ± 1.6 mm (0.07 inch) ± 4 g
Fault detection time (for 4-wire and 5-wire)	≤ 2000 ms	<b>Certificates and approvals</b>	
<b>Voltage input</b>		<u>Explosion protection ATEX/IECEx and others</u>	
Measuring range		Certificates <sup>3)</sup>	DEKRA 17ATEX0116 X IECEx DEK 17.0054X A5E43700604A-2018X
• Unipolar	-100 ... 1700 mV	"Intrinsic safety ia/ib" type of protection	For use in Zone 0, 1, 2, 20, 21, 22
• Bipolar	-800 ... +800 mV	• ATEX	II 1 G Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga II 2(1) G Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb II 1 D Ex ia IIIC Da I M1 Ex ia I Ma Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb Ex ia IIIC Da Ex ia I Ma
Minimum measuring span	2.5 mV	"Intrinsic safety ic" type of protection	For use in Zones 2 and 22
Input resistance	10 MΩ	• ATEX	II 2 G Ex ic IIC T6...T4 Gc II 2 D Ex ic IIIC Dc Ex ic IIC T6 ... T4 Gc Ex ic IIIC Dc
Cable, wire-wire capacity		• IECEEx and others	For use in Zones 2 and 22
• Input range: -100 ... 1700 mV	Max. 30 nF	"Non-sparking/increased safety nA/ec" type of protection	II 2 G Ex nA IIC T6...T4 Gc II 2 G Ex ec IIC T6...T4 Gc Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc Ex ec IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
• Input range: -20 ... 100 mV	Max. 50 nF	• IECEEx and others	
Fault detection, programmable	None, defective	<u>Explosion protection CSA /FM for Canada and USA</u>	
Fault detection time	≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)	Certificates	CSA 1861385 FM18CA0024 FM18US0046
<b>Output and HART communication</b>		"Intrinsic safety ia" type of protection	IS, CL I, Div 1, GP ABCD, T6 ... T4 Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga AEx ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga or: Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6...T4 Gb AEx ib [ia Ga] IIC T6...T4 Gb
Normal range, programmable	3.8 ... 20.5 mA/20.5 ... 3.8 mA	"Non incendive field wiring NIFW" type of protection	NIFW, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6 ... T4
Extended range (output limits), programmable	3.5 ... 23 mA/23 ... 3.5 mA	"Non incendive NI" type of protection	NI, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6...T4 Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc AEx nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
Programmable input/output limits			
• Fault current	Enable/disable		
• Fault current setting	3.5 ... 23 mA		
Update time	10 ms		
Load (with current output)	≤ (V <sub>Supply</sub> - 7.5)/0.023 Ω		
Load stability	< 0.01% of meas. span/100 Ω (measuring span = currently selected range)		
Input fault detection, programmable (detection of input short circuits is ignored with TC and voltage inputs)	3.5 ... 23 mA		
NAMUR NE43 Upscale	> 21 mA		
NAMUR NE43 Downscale	< 3.6 mA		
HART protocol versions	HART 7		
<b>Measuring accuracy</b>			
Input accuracy	See "Input accuracy" table		
Output accuracy	See "Output accuracy" table		
<b>Rated conditions</b>			
Ambient temperature (operation)			
• Standard	-50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F)	1) Note that the minimum supply voltage must correspond to the value measured at the terminals of the SITRANS TR420. All external voltage drops must be taken into consideration.	
• SIL	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)	2) Protect the device from overvoltage with the help of a suitable power supply or suitable overvoltage protection equipment.	
Storage temperature	-50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F)	3) Additional available certificates are listed on the Internet at <a href="http://www.siemens.com/processinstrumentation/certificates">http://www.siemens.com/processinstrumentation/certificates</a>	
Calibration temperature	24 °C ± 1.0 °C (75.2 °F ± 1.8 °F)		
Relative humidity	< 99% (no condensation)		
Degree of protection			
• Enclosure of the transmitter	IP20		
• Terminals	IP20		

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### Measuring ranges/Minimum measuring span

#### RTD

Input type	Standard	Measuring range in °C (°F)	$\alpha_0$ in °C <sup>-1</sup> (°F <sup>-1</sup> )	Minimum measuring span in °C (°F)
<b>Pt10 ... 10000</b>	IEC 60751	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1562)	0.003851 (0.002139)	10 (50)
	JIS C 1604-8	-200 ... +649 (-328 ... +1200)	0.003916 (0.002176)	10 (50)
	GOST 6651_2009	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1562)	0.003910 (0.002172)	10 (50)
	Callendar-Van Dusen	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1562)	-	10 (50)
<b>Ni10 ... 10000</b>	DIN 43760-1987	-60 ... +250 (-76 ... +482)	0.006180 (0.003433)	10 (50)
	GOST 6651-2009 / OIML R84:2003	-60 ... +180 (-76 ... +356)	0.006170 (0.003428)	10 (50)
<b>Cu5 ... 1000</b>	Edison Copper Winding No. 15	-200 ... +260 (-328 ... +500)	0.004270 (0.002372)	100 (212)
	GOST 6651-2009 / OIML R84:2003	-180 ... +200 (-292 ... +392)	0.004280 (0.002378)	100 (212)
	GOST 6651-94	-50 ... +200 (-58 ... +392)	0.004260 (0.002367)	100 (212)

#### TC

Input type	Standard	Measuring range in °C (°F)	Minimum measuring span in °C (°F)
B	IEC 60584-1	0 (85) ... 1 820 (32 (185) ... 3 308)	100 (212)
E	IEC 60584-1	-200 ... +1 000 (-392 ... +1 832)	50 (122)
J	IEC 60584-1	-100 ... +1200 (-212 ... +2192)	50 (122)
K	IEC 60584-1	-180 ... +1372 (-356 ... +2502)	50 (122)
L	DIN 43710	-200 ... +900 (-392 ... +1652)	50 (122)
Lr	GOST 3044-84	-200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1472)	50 (122)
N	IEC 60584-1	-180 ... +1300 (-356 ... +2372)	50 (122)
R	IEC 60584-1	-50 ... +1760 (-122 ... +3200)	100 (212)
S	IEC 60584-1	-50 ... +1760 (-122 ... +3200)	100 (212)
T	IEC 60584-1	-200 ... +400 (-392 ... +752)	50 (122)
U	DIN 43710	-200 ... +600 (-392 ... +1112)	50 (122)
W3	ASTM E988-96	0 ... 2300 (32 ... 4172)	100 (212)
W5	ASTM E988-96	0 ... 2300 (32 ... 4172)	100 (212)
LR	GOST 3044-84	-200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1472)	50 (122)

### **Input accuracy**

#### Basic values

Input type	Basic accuracy	Temperature coefficient <sup>1)</sup>
<b>RTD</b>		
Pt10	$\leq \pm 0.8^\circ\text{C}$ (1.44 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.020^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt20	$\leq \pm 0.4^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.010^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt50	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.004^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt100	$\leq \pm 0.04^\circ\text{C}$ (0.072 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt200	$\leq \pm 0.08^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt500	$T_{\max.} < 180^\circ\text{C}$ (356 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.08^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) $T_{\max.} < 180^\circ\text{C}$ (356 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt1000	$\leq \pm 0.08^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt2000	$T_{\max.} < 300^\circ\text{C}$ (572 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.08^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) $T_{\max.} < 300^\circ\text{C}$ (572 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.4^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt10000	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt x	Largest tolerance of neighboring points	Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points
Ni10	$\leq \pm 1.6^\circ\text{C}$ (2.88 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.020^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni20	$\leq \pm 0.8^\circ\text{C}$ (1.44 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.010^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni50	$\leq \pm 0.32^\circ\text{C}$ (0.576 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.004^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni100	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni120	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni200	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni500	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni1000	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni2000	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F)

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<b>Input type</b>	<b>Basic accuracy</b>	<b>Temperature coefficient<sup>1)</sup></b>
Ni10000	≤ ±0.32 °C (0.576 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni x	Largest tolerance of neighboring points	Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points
Cu5	≤ ±1.6 °C (2.88 °F)	≤ ±0.040 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu10	≤ ±0.8 °C (1.44 °F)	≤ ±0.020 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu20	≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.010 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu50	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.004 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu100	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu200	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu500	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu1000	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu x	Largest tolerance of neighboring points	Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points
<b>Linear resistance</b>		
0 ... 400 Ω	≤ ±40 mΩ	≤ ±2 mΩ/°C (1.11 mΩ/°F)
0 ... 100 kΩ	≤ ±4 Ω	≤ ±0.2 Ω/°C (0.11 Ω/°F)
<b>Potentiometers</b>		
0 ... 100%	< 0.05%	< ± 0.005%
<b>Voltage input</b>		
mV: -20 ... 100 mV	≤ ±5 µV	≤ ±0.2 µV/°C (0.11 µV/°F)
mV: -100 ... 1700 mV	≤ ±0.1 mV	≤ ±36 µV/°C (20 µV/°F)
mV: ± 800 mV	≤ ±0.1 mV	≤ ±32 µV/°C (17.8 µV/°F)
<b>TC</b>		
E	≤ ±0.2 °C (0.36 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
J	≤ ±0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
K	≤ ±0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
L	≤ ±0.35 °C (0.63 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
N	≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
T	≤ ±0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
U	< 0 °C (32 °F) ≤ ±0.8 °C (1.44 °F) ≥ 0 °C (32 °F) ≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Lr	≤ ±0.2 °C (0.36 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
R	< 200 °C (392 °F) ≤ ±0.5 °C (0.9 °F) ≥ 200 °C (392 °F) ≤ ±1 °C (1.8 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
S	< 200 °C (392 °F) ≤ ±0.5 °C (0.9 °F) ≥ 200 °C (392 °F) ≤ ±1 °C (1.8 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
W3	≤ ±0.6 °C (1.08 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
W5	≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
B <sup>2)</sup>	≤ ±1 °C (1.8 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
B <sup>3)</sup>	≤ ±3 °C (5.4 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
B <sup>4)</sup>	≤ ±8 °C (14.4 °F)	≤ ±0.8 °C/°C (°F/°F)
B <sup>5)</sup>	Not specified	Not specified
CJC (internal)	≤ ±0.5 °C (0.9 °F)	Included in basic accuracy
CJC (external)	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)

1) Temperature coefficients correspond to the specified values or 0.002% of the input span, depending on which value is greater.

2) Accuracy of the specification range > 400 °C (752 °F)

3) Accuracy of the specification range > 160 °C (320 °F) < 400 °C (752 °F)

4) Accuracy of the specification range > 85 °C (185 °F) < 160 °C (320 °F)

5) Accuracy of the specification range > 85 °C (185 °F)

### **Output accuracy**

<b>Output type</b>	<b>Basic accuracy</b>	<b>Temperature coefficient</b>
Average value measurement	Average of accuracy of input 1 and input 2	Average of temperature coefficient of input 1 and input 2
Differential measurement	Sum of accuracy of input 1 and input 2	Sum of temperature coefficient of input 1 and input 2
Analog output	≤ ±1.6 µA (0.01% of the full output span)	≤ ±0.48 µA/K (≤ ±0.003% of the full output span/K)

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##### Selection and ordering data

	Article No.	Order code	Article No.	Order code
<b>Temperature transmitter SITRANS TR420 with 2 inputs</b>	7NG042		<b>Temperature transmitter SITRANS TR420 with 2 inputs</b>	7NG042
↗ Click on the Article no. for the online configuration in the PIA Life Cycle Portal.		- 0		- 0
<b>Communication</b>	0			
With HART	0		A	
<b>Primary value output</b>	0		B	
Input 1	1		C	
Input 1, input 2 as redundancy	2		D	
Input 2, input 1 as redundancy	3		E	
Average input 1 and input 2, both as redundancy	4		F	
Minimum input 1 and input 2, both as redundancy	5		G	
Maximum input 1 and input 2, both as redundancy	6		H	
Difference input 1 - input 2	7		J	
Difference input 2 - input 1	8		K	
Absolute difference	9	H 1 A	L	
<b>Primary value output, customer-specific</b>	9	H 1 B	M	
Minimum input 1 and input 2, without redundancy	9	H 1 C	N	
Maximum input 1 and input 2, without redundancy	9	H 1 D	P	
Average input 1 and input 2, without redundancy	9		Q	
Input 2	9		R	
<b>Input 1, type</b>				
RTD	B		Y	
• Pt100 (IEC), 3-wire	C			
• Pt100 (IEC), 4-wire	D		0	
• Pt1000 (IEC), 3-wire	E		1	
• Pt1000 (IEC), 4-wire	F		2	
TC	G		3	
• Type B	H		4	
• Type E	J		5	
• Type J	K		6	
• Type K	L		7	
• Type L	M		8	
• Type N	N		9	
• Type R	P		0	
• Type S	Q		A	
• Type T	R		N	
Potentiometer, 4-wire				
<b>Input 1, type customer-specific</b>	Y			
Define customer-specific input configurations in V options				

**Selection and ordering data**

Options	Order code
Add "-Z" to article no. and specify order code.	
<b>Certificates for functional safety</b>	
Functional safety SIL2/3 (IEC 61508)	<b>C20</b>
<b>Special features of enclosure/packaging</b>	
Without labeling of the measuring range on the TAG label	<b>D41</b>
<b>External CJC types</b>	
Pt100, IEC 60751, 3-wire	<b>J02</b>
Pt100, IEC 60751, 4-wire	<b>J03</b>
Ni100, DIN 43760-87, 3-wire	<b>J05</b>
Ni100, DIN 43760-87, 4-wire	<b>J06</b>
<b>Input 1: TC</b>	
Type C W5	<b>V01</b>
Type D W3	<b>V02</b>
Type U	<b>V03</b>
Type Lr	<b>V04</b>
<b>Input 1: Potentiometers</b>	
Potentiometer, 5-wire	<b>V31</b>
<b>Input 1: RTD</b>	
Pt x (IEC), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V61</b>
Pt x (IEC), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V62</b>
Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V64</b>
Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V65</b>
Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V67</b>
Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V68</b>
Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V70</b>
Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V71</b>
Ni x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V73</b>
Ni x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V74</b>
Cu x (ECW-15), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V76</b>
Cu x (ECW-15), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V77</b>
Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V79</b>
Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V80</b>
Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V82</b>
Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	<b>V83</b>
<b>Input 2: TC</b>	
Type C W5	<b>W01</b>
Type D W3	<b>W02</b>
Type U	<b>W03</b>
Type Lr	<b>W04</b>

Customer-specific device settings	Order code
Add "-Z" to article no., specify order code and plain text or drop-down list selection.	
Measuring range setting temperature input: Start of scale value (max. 5 characters), full scale value (max. 5 characters), unit (°C, °F, °Ra, K)	<b>Y01</b>
Plant designation (TAG, device parameters, max. 32 characters)	<b>Y15</b>
Measuring point message (device message and device parameters, max. 32 characters)	<b>Y16</b>
Plant designation short (TAG, device parameters, max. 8 characters) on front plate, only for SITRANS TR320/SITRANS TR420	<b>Y19</b>
Input 1: RTD factor; e.g. factor "200" = Pt200	<b>Y21</b>
<b>Accessories</b>	Article No.
Further accessories for assembly, connection and transmitter configuration, see page 2/238.	
<b>HART modem</b>	<b>7MF4997-1DB</b>
With USB interface	
<b>SIMATIC PDM parameterization software</b>	See Catalog FI 01 section 8

**Ordering example**

7NG0420-0BA00-0AA0-Z Y01

Y01: -10 ... +100 °C

**Factory setting**

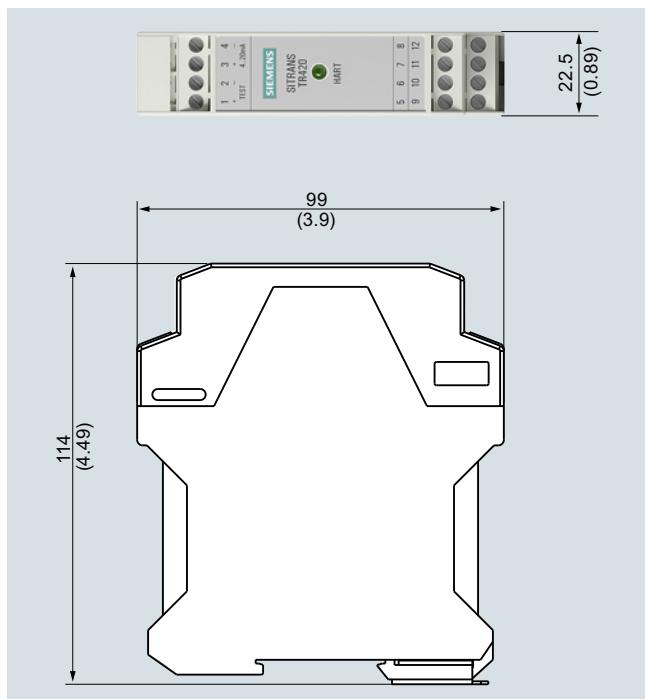
- Input 1: Pt100 (IEC 751); 3-wire connection
- Input 2: not configured (inactive)
- Measuring range: 0 ... 100 °C (32 ... 212 °F)
- Fault current
  - Device error: < 3.6 mA
  - Input circuit wire break: 22.8 mA
  - Input circuit short circuit: 22.4 mA
  - Input circuit drift: 22 mA (active when input 2 is active)
  - Input monitoring wire break and short-circuit
- No trimming of input and output (offset)
- Damping 0.0 s

## Temperature Measurement

Transmitters for rail mounting

### SITRANS TR420, two-wire system, HART

#### Dimensional drawings



SITRANS TR420, dimensions in mm (inch)

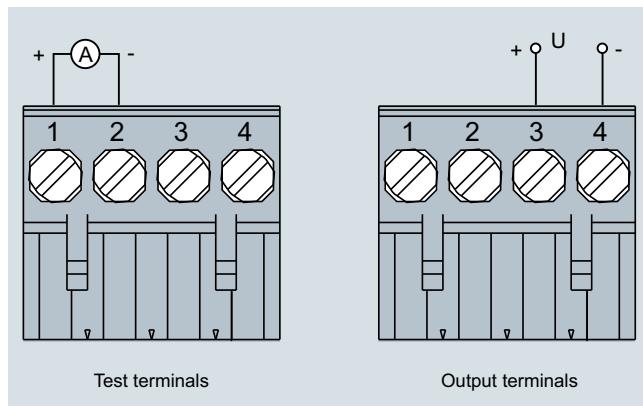
#### Circuit diagrams

##### Connections



SITRANS TR420, connector assignment

##### Output and test connection



SITRANS TR420, output connection assignment

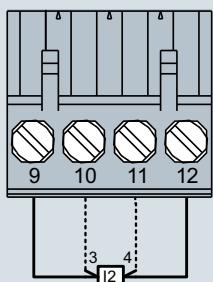
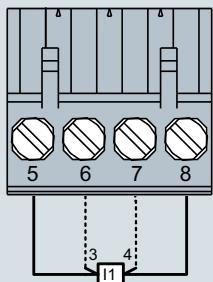
# Temperature Measurement

## Transmitters for rail mounting

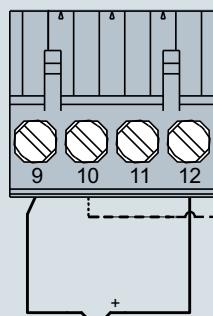
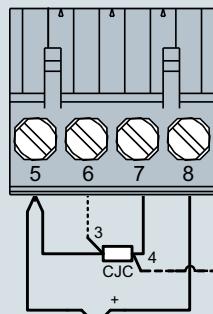
### SITRANS TR420, two-wire system, HART

#### Input connection

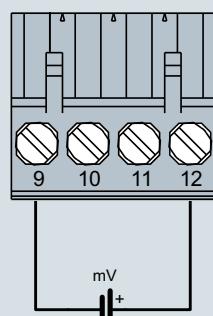
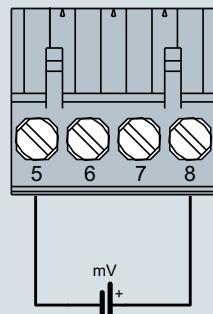
2



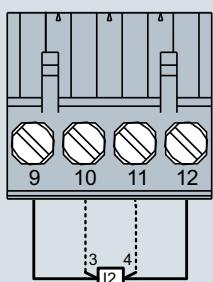
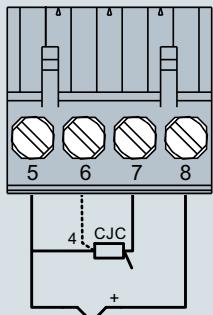
Input 1 and/or input 2:  
2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire  
RTD or linear resistance



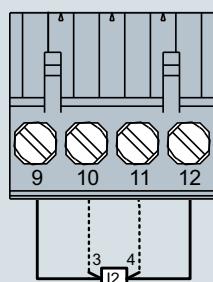
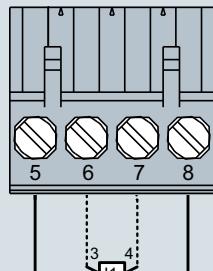
Input 1 and/or input 2:  
TC (int. CJC or  
external 2-wire or 3-wire CJC)



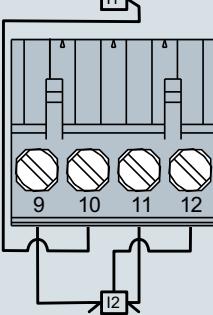
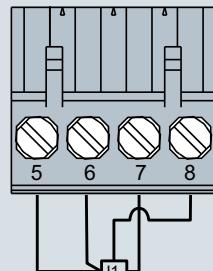
Voltage input  
(unipolar or bipolar)



Input 1:  
TC (int. CJC or  
external 2-wire or 3-wire CJC)  
Input 2:  
2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire RTD



Input 1 (I1) and/or input 2 (I2):  
3-wire or 4-wire potentiometer



Input 1 (I1):  
5-wire potentiometer  
Input 2 (I2):  
3-wire potentiometer

SITRANS TR420, input connection assignment